The Research Data Alliance in the Data Sharing Landscape

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Research Data Alliance, France
National Open Science Plan for France:
From Strategy to Action
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NATIONAL PLAN FOR OPEN SCIENCE

4TH JULY 2018

- Generalize open access to publications
- Structure research data and make it available through open access
- Be part of a sustainable European and international open science dynamic







MEMBERSHIP

Members: **7580**

WORKING GROUPS

Groups: 95

Q

Becoming a member of RDA is simple and open to both individuals and organizations

Register now

Discover what RDA Working and Interest Groups and all other Groups are up to and find out how to join them. **Explore Groups**

ABOUT RDA TO GET INVOLVED TO GROUPS TO RECOMMENDATIONS & OUTPUTS TO RDA FOR DISCIPLINES TO PLENARIES & EVENTS TO NEWS & MEDIA TO

Building the social and technical bridges to enable open data sharing



GUIDING PRINCIPLES

OPENNESS

Membership is open to all interested individuals who subscribe to the RDAs Guiding Principles. RDA community meetings and processes are open, and the deliverables of RDA working Groups will be publicly disseminated.

CONSENSUS

The RDA moves forward by achieving consensus among its membership. RDA processes and procedures include appropriate mechanisms to resolve conflicts.

BALANCE

The RDA seeks to promote balanced representation of its membership and stakeholder communities.

MARMONIZATION

The RDA works to achieve harmonization across data standards, policies, technologies, infrastructure and communities.

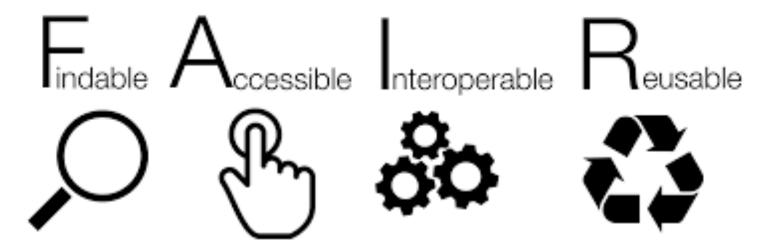
COMMUNITY - DRIVEN

The RDA is a public, community-driven body constituted of volunteer members and organizations, supported by the RDA Secretariat.

O NON-PROFIT

RDA does not promote, endorse, or sell commercial products, technologies or services.

Principles for Data Management



Wilkinson, et al. (2016). The FAIR Guiding Principles for scientific data management and stewardship. *Scientific Data*, *3*, http://dx.doi.org/10.1038/sdata.2016.18

Principles for Access to Research Data

Openness, flexibility, transparency, legal conformity, protection of intellectual property, formal responsibility, professionalism, interoperability, quality, security, efficiency, accountability, and sustainability.



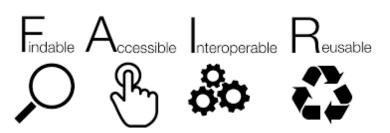
Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development. (2007). OECD Principles and Guidelines for Access to Research Data from Public Funding. http://www.oecd.org/dataoecd/9/61/38500813.pdf

open by design

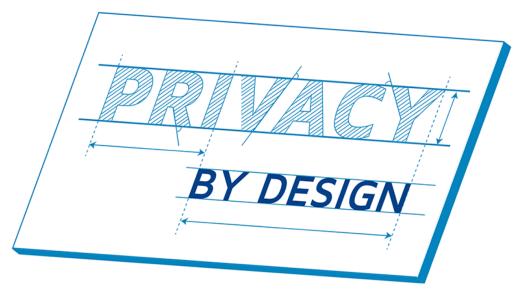
http://democracyos.eu/blog/open-by-design



https://wwwdb.inf.tu-dresden.de/opendatasurvey/



Wilkinson, et al. (2016). The FAIR Guiding Principles for scientific data management and stewardship. *Scientific Data*, *3*, http://dx.doi.org/10.1038/sdata.2016.18



https://privacybydesign.foundation/en/

Data

If you can't protect it, don't collect it.

(privacy and security aphorism)

Therefore:

If you collect it, you must protect it.

Borgman, C. L. (2018). Open Data, Grey Data, and Stewardship: Universities at the Privacy Frontier. *Berkeley Technology Law Journal*, *33*(2), 365–412. https://doi.org/10.15779/Z38B56D489



Lack of incentives to share data



- Labor to document data
- Benefits to unknown others
- Competition
- Control
- Confidentiality
- Lack of expertise and staff
- Lack of sustainability...

Image source: www.buildingsrus.co.uk/.../ target1.htm

Data Sharing: End or Means?

- Manage data
- Reuse data
 - Comparison, calibration
 - New inquiries
 - Reproduce research



- Preserve evidence, models, records
- Promote data standards and interoperability
- "Structure research data and make it available through open access"...



RDA Organizational choices

- Convening body or standards body?
- Individual or institutional membership?
- Professional society or governing mechanism?
- Independent organization or partnering entity?

Sustainability mechanisms?



Views: desktop mobile print

STANDARDS

PARTICIPATE

MEMBERSHIP

ABOUT W3C

W3C » Data Activity

Skip

ACTIVE GROUPS

Data Exchange Working Group

Permissions & Obligations Expression WG

Spatial Data on the Web Working Group

RDF Data Shapes Working Group

Data on the Web Best Practices Working Group

Semantic Web Interest Group

Semantic Web Health Care and Life Sciences Interest Group

NEARBY

Data Activity Blog

Web of Things - Linked Data as the basis for countering fragmentation of the IoT

The Digital Publishing Activity

The XML Activity

W3C study of practices and tooling for Web data standardisation

W3C Workshop on Privacy and Linked Data

W3C DATA ACTIVITY Building the Web of Data

More and more Web applications provide a means of accessing data. From simple visualizations to sophisticated interactive tools, there is a growing reliance on the availability of data which can be "big" or "small", of diverse origin, and in different formats; it is usually published without prior coordination with other publishers — let alone with precise modeling or common vocabularies. The Data Activity recognizes and works to overcome this diversity to facilitate potentially Web-scale data integration and processing. It does this by providing standard data exchange formats, models, tools, and guidance.

The overall vision of the Data Activity is that people and organizations should be able to share data as far as possible using their existing tools and working practices but in a way that enables others to derive and add value, and to utilize it in ways that suit them. Achieving that requires a focus not just on the interoperability of data but of communities.

W3C gratefully acknowledges support from the European Commission for participation in a number of projects, e.g. <u>Create-IoT</u>, <u>Big Data Europe</u> (Linked Data), Boost 4.0 (Big data in Industry 4.0) and SPECIAL (Linked Data for data privacy management).

News

W3C is pleased to announce the First Public Working Draft for the <u>Data Catalog Vocabulary (DCAT)</u> – revised edition. DCAT is an RDF vocabulary designed to facilitate interoperability between data catalogs published on the Web. This revised version of DCAT was developed by the <u>Dataset Exchange Working Group</u> in response to a new set of Use Cases and Requirements based upon extensive experience with the original DCAT specification and related work on DCAT application profiles.

Dave Raggett gave a plenary presentation on the Web of Things at the opening session of the FIWARE Summit, and later met with FIWARE Foundation staff to discuss potential opportunities for collaboration between W3C and FIWARE in respect to alignment between the W3C Web of Things object model and API with the FIWARE Orion context broker, which is based upon ETSI's NGSI-LD as a REST API using JSON-LD for querying, updating and notifications of changes to the context, including IoT devices. FIWARE is a leading open source IoT platform.

W3C held a Workshop on Privacy and Linked Data in Vienna on 17-18 April 2018. The presentations and meeting minutes will be available from the Workshop page.

As a starting point for making W3C a more effective, more welcoming and sustainable venue for communities seeking to develop Web data standards and exploit them to create value added services, we are pleased to announce a W3C study on Web data standardization that has been produced with support from the Open Data Institute and Innovate UK.

W3C took part in the January 2018 kick off meeting for the <u>Boost 4.0</u> European project on big data in smart manufacturing (Industry 4.0). Our role focuses on standardisation, data governance and certification.





We are building the universal software archive





Research Data

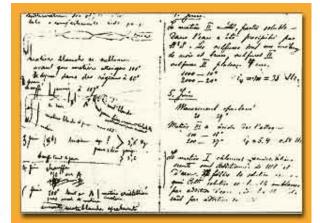
Alibaba.com

Figure 2. Numeric Change in Resident Population for the 50 States,

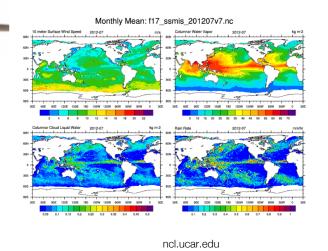
http://www.census.gov/population/cen2000/map02.gif

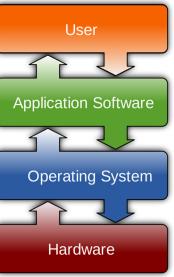
the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico: 1990 to 2000

hudsonalpha.org



Marie Curie's notebook aip.org





Wikipedia.org



Pisa Griffin

Date:1/2.07.75 Place:Sakaltutan Zafor

He will grow old in his present house; new house is for sons - 5 sons. Not sure they want to live in village. He will only build another if they want him to. eS came from Germany and did the plastering. He arranged the carpentry in Kayseri. Çok para gitti. (much money went) Has a tractor.

Date: July 1980 Place: Sakaltutan Zafor:

Household now Zafor and wife; Nazif Unal and wife and youngest son, still a boy. They run two dolmuß; one with a driver from Süleymanli. Goes in and out once a day. He gets 8,000 a month. Zafor then said, keskin deoil. (not sharp - i.e.? not profitable} I said he did very well on 8,000 TL with only two journeys a day. Nazif Unal has "bought" a Durak (dolmuß stop) from Belediye and works all day in Kayseri.

http://onlineqda.hud.ac.uk/Intro_QDA/Examples_of_Qualitative_Data.php

Borgman, C. L., Scharnhorst, A., & Golshan, M. S. (JASIST, forthcoming, 2018). Digital Data Archives as Knowledge Infrastructures: Mediating Data Sharing and Reuse. *ArXiv:1802.02689 [Cs]*. http://arxiv.org/abs/1802.02689

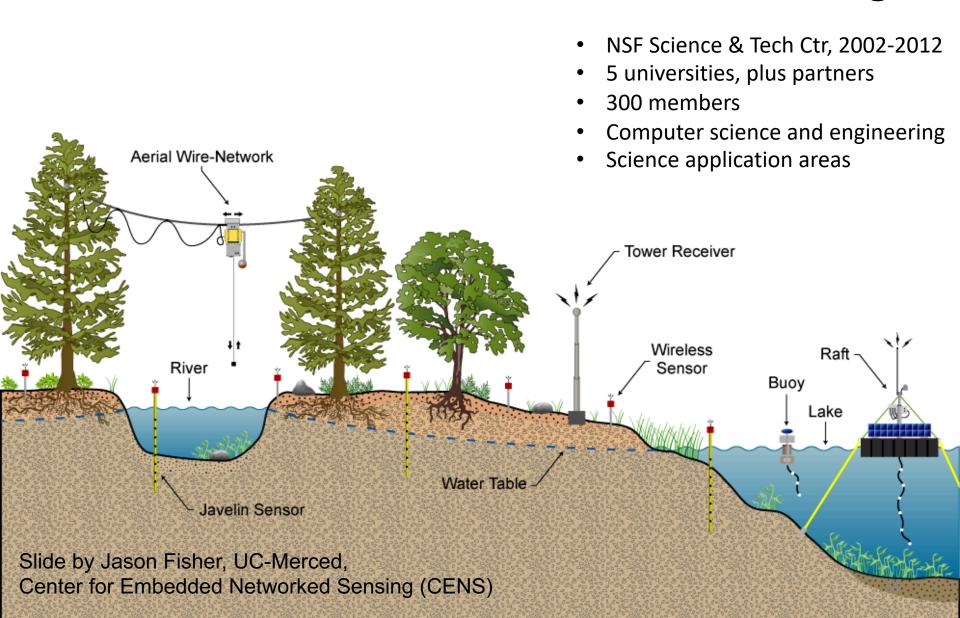
Data reuse in practice

Current research

Center for Knowledge Infrastructures

UCLA

Center for Embedded Networked Sensing



THE DATAFACE CONSORTIUM

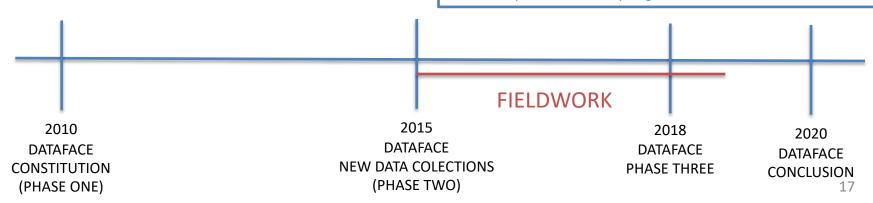
GOAL:

Create a "data resource" that can be mined indefinitely to extract novel knowledge.

- Over 600 "hypothesis free" genomics craniofacial datasets (DNA and facial images)
- All datasets deposited in a open repository **prior to publication**.

Search over 600 datasets by various attributes: organisms, experiment type, age stage, mutation, genotype and much more. **SEARCH OUR DATA**

Pasquetto, I.V. (2018). From Open Data to Knowledge Production: Biomedical Data Sharing and Unpredictable Data Reuses. PhD Thesis. https://escholarship.org/uc/item/1sx7v77r



Background and foreground reuses of data

| | Background Reuse | Foreground Reuse |
|-------------------------|--|---|
| Goal of data reuse | "Ground truthing:" calibrate, compare, confirm | Analysis: identify patterns, correlations, causal relationships |
| Example of data reuse | Instrument calibration, sequence annotation, review summary-level data | Meta-analyses, novel statistical analyses |
| Frequency of data reuse | Frequent, routine practice | Rare, emergent practice |

[•] Pasquetto, I. V., Borgman, C. L., & Wofford, M. F. (2018, in review). The Who, What, When, and Why of Reusing Data in Scientific Practice. Harvard Data Science Review.

[•] Wallis, J. C., Rolando, E., & Borgman, C. L. (2013). If We Share Data, Will Anyone Use Them? Data Sharing and Reuse in the Long Tail of Science and Technology. *PLOS ONE*, 8(7), e67332. https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0067332

[•] Pasquetto, I.V. (2018). From Open Data to Knowledge Production: Biomedical Data Sharing and Unpredictable Data Reuses. PhD Thesis. https://escholarship.org/uc/item/1sx7v77r

Background and foreground reuses of data

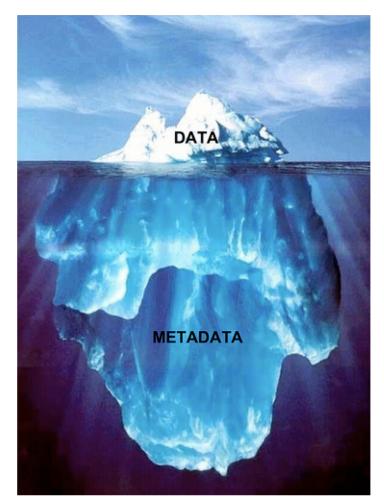
| | Background Reuse | Foreground Reuse |
|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| Goal of data reuse | "Ground truthing:" | Analysis: identify |
| | calibrate, compare | patterns, correspons, |
| | confirm | causal relation |
| Example of data | Instrument () | Meta-2 20RM |
| reuse | sequence | star LAU WITTOK |
| | reviewel | COUSE CREAT |
| | dálny | REDTACT |
| Frequency of data | Freq Proutine | Rare, Vergent |
| reuse | practice | practice |
| | | |

[•] Pasquetto, I. V., Borgman, C. L., & Wofford, M. F. (2018, in review). The Who, What, When, and Why of Reusing Data in Scientific Practice. *Harvard Data Science Review*.

[•] Borgman, C.L. & Pasquetto, I.V. (2018). *Cochrane Colloquium Edinburgh: Opening keynote*. Edinburgh, UK. Video recording: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9PEU_rfkejM&list=PLCo8P5 ppmQgdp0mDMud0CEt8v7DXXgJE

Reuse across place and time

- Reuse by investigator
- Reuse by collaborators
- Reuse by colleagues
- Reuse by unaffiliated others
- Reuse at later times
 - Months
 - Years
 - Decades
 - Centuries



Building the social and technical bridges to enable open data sharing

- Data sharing is a means to many ends
- Time to make tough organizational choices
- Key cases in science, technology, and policy
 - Reusing data within and between communities
 - Sustaining access to data, software, tools, instruments, specimens
 - Sustaining access to data resources beyond grant projects
 - Creating career paths for data stewardship

UCLA Center for Knowledge Infrastructures





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The Data Creators' Advantage

- Data creators have fullest knowledge of scientific goals, context, processing, interpretation
- Data reusers may require contextual information beyond standard documentation
- For foreground reuse, collaboration between data creators and reusers enables
 - Identification of problems of common interest
 - Mutual exchange of expertise
 - Credit through new publications

Pasquetto, I. V., Borgman, C. L., & Wofford, M. F. (2018, in review). The Who, What, When, and Why of Reusing Data in Scientific Practice. Harvard Data Science Review.

Borgman, C.L. & Pasquetto, I.V. (2018). *Cochrane Colloquium Edinburgh: Opening keynote*. Edinburgh, UK. Video recording: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9PEU_rfkejM&list=PLCo8P5_ppmQgdp0mDMud0CEt8v7DXXgJE